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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/655,232 09/05/2000 SMP0179US02 Stewart M. Kume 7770 EXAMINER 28075 7590 12/28/2004 CROMPTON, SEAGER & TUFTE, LLC MENDEZ, MANUEL A 1221 NICOLLET AVENUE ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER SUITE 800 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55403-2420 3763 DATE MAILED: 12/28/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
<del>↑</del>	09/655,232	KUME, STEWART M.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Manuel Mendez	3763
The MAILING DATE of this communicate Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communi  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of  - If NO period for reply specified above, the maximum statut  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION.  37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recation.  ays, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty  by period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON <sup>2</sup> ,  by statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 30 July 2004.	•
•	☐ This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims		
4)	withdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.	•
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including th 11) The oath or declaration is objected to b		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
<u> </u>	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in Apthe priority documents have been I Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	Дан	(DTO 442)
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT Paper No(s)/Mail Date		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application/Control Number: 09/655,232 Page 2

Art Unit: 3763

### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Response to Amendment

Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

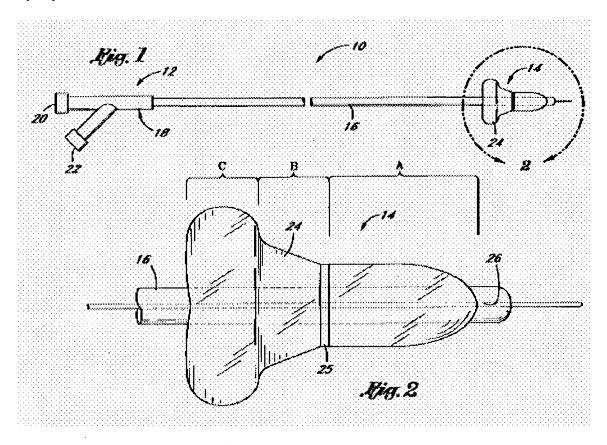
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Application/Control Number: 09/655,232

Art Unit: 3763

Claims 6, 18, and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Myler.



The cited patent shows in figures 1 and 2, an elongate catheter body, an expandable member attached to the distal end of the catheter body, and a marker positioned on the expandable member. In relation to the limitation disclosing a plurality of markers, in column 3, lines 59-65, the specification states, the "balloon 24 is preferably provided with one or more radiopaque marker bands such as a midballoon marker band 25". Accordingly, the subject matter presented in claims 6, 18, and 27 is anticipated by the teachings of the Myler Patent.

Art Unit: 3763

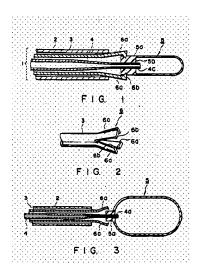
# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 7-9, 12-17, 19-21, 24-26, and 28–42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Myler in view of Ishida, et al., and Becker, et al.

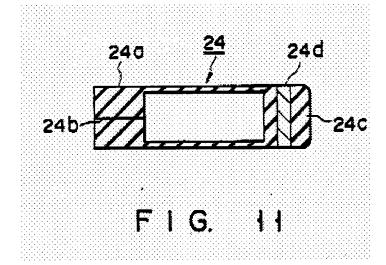
The Myler Patent discloses an elongate catheter body, an expandable member attached to the distal end of the catheter body, and a marker positioned on the expandable member. In relation to the plurality of markers, in column 3, lines 59-65, the specification states, the "balloon 24 is preferably provided with one or more radiopaque marker bands such as a mid-balloon marker band 25". Since there is more than one marker, a pattern of markers is created on the surface of the balloon.



Application/Control Number: 09/655,232

Art Unit: 3763

Similarly, in figures 1 and 3, the Ishida, et al., Patent shows an elongate catheter body, an expandable member attached to a distal end of the catheter body; and opaque markers positioned on the expandable member. In column 4, line 19, the specification states: "the material of the balloon (5) may be mixed with X-ray opaque substance such as platinum, gold or the like which constitutes a marker".



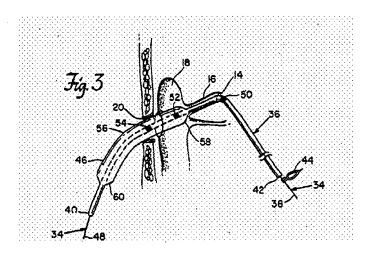
Moreover, in column 6, line 55, referring to figure 11, the specification states: "the distal portion (24c) of the balloon (24) may be made solid, and a belt-type marker (24d) made of x-ray opaque substance as described above may be fixed to or embedded in the outer peripheral surface portion (24c)". Based on the teachings of Ishida, et al., it would have been obvious to make the outer wall of a balloon with a mixture of radiopaque materials or by using bet-like marker as suggested in the figure above.

Finally, neither Ishida, et al., nor Myler teach the use of ink as a marker.

However, the use of ink as a marker is conventional in the art as evidenced by the teachings of Becker, et al.

Application/Control Number: 09/655,232

Art Unit: 3763



The Becker, et al., Patent demonstrates in figure 3 (above), that it is conventional in the art to use ink as a marker (50) in the outer wall of a catheter. Accordingly, based on the teachings of the cited patents, it would have been obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to enhance or modify the structure of Myler or Ishida, et al., with the use of ink as a marker in the outer surface of any portion of the catheter including the inflatable balloon.

#### Conclusion

In view of the new grounds for rejection, this action is not final. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Manuel Mendez whose telephone number is 703-308-2221. The examiner can normally be reached on 0730-1800 hrs.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Brian Casler can be reached on 703-308-3552. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3590 for regular communications and 703-305-3590 for After Final communications.

Manuel Mendez Primary Examiner Art Unit 3763

December 27, 2004